## **MODEL 104 PROBE TYPE LEVEL SWITCH**

# TIP SENSITIVE ACTION FOR CONDUCTIVE LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS ADJUSTABLE POINT LEVEL FOR NONCONDUCTIVE MATERIALS

#### **FEATURES**

- · Works on liquids, slurries and solids
- 316 S.S. body and sensing rod, Teflon seals
- Solid rod or flexible cable sensing probe
- · Probe length is field adjustable
- 10 Amp SPDT heavy duty output relay
- High-Low failsafe relay action selector
- · Has an extended insulator, no cavity to plug up
- Up to 220°F (105°C) process temperatures
- Vibration resistant, no glass insulation seal to break or epoxy to fracture
- Up to 1500 psig (100 Bar) process pressure
- Secondary over pressure stop provides a metalto-metal seat against catastrophic leaks
- Teflon rod seal is reliable (unlike epoxy or glass)
- High reliability; 100 hour operationally tested
- Quality assured; 100% tested and inspected
- Integrating 1 second time delay standard

#### **APPLICATION**

The Model 104 probe type control switches when a conductive material touches the tip of the sensing probe. More of the sensing probe must be covered when the material is insulating and has a lower dielectric constant. The Model 104 will sense almost any sort of material, even insulators with a low density and a medium dielectric constant.

The unit is designed to detect high or low levels of liquids, slurries and solids. It is designed for mounting on the top of a tank, container, or open pit for high level detection. It is intended that the sensing probe extend down from the top to the point at which level switching is to occur. The unit can also be mounted so that its sensing probe extends in from the side of the container. This side mounting position should be limited to dry solids applications. Slurry tanks should be entered only from the top.

#### **TYPICAL SERVICES**

- High level alarm in liquid storage tanks
- Cement hopper high and low level alarms
- Beer and beverage vat level alarms
- Raw and sliced potato bin levels
- Pumping gallery flood alarm
- Aquaculture water and nutrient systems
- Subsea oil production modules



Hoseproof housing, R0 sensing probe



Explosion proof housing, R0 sensing probe



#### **OPERATION**

The Model 104 is insensitive to buildup on the tip of its sensing probe. The deposited buildup material can be wet, sticky, or even an insulator. Recalibration or cleaning may be required under conditions such as extreme candling, glacial salt bridging, etc. Radio frequency technology is the basis for this new and improved level control design. An advanced sensing method, using pulsed radio frequency waves, is the heart of this new circuit technique. This method produces excellent stability and good accuracy. False switching problems have essentially been eliminated by this design. High-speed filtering and noise rejection provide highly reliable level detection and switching.

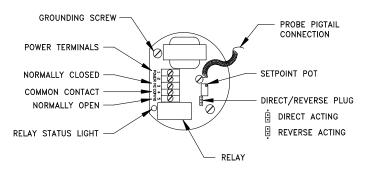
#### **BASIC SPECIFICATIONS**

Switching Differential ("DSU"): Fixed 4.0 SU minimum

Minimum Probe Gain Require ("QSU"): 8.0 SU Wetted Materials: 316 Stainless steel body & rod; Teflon® and Delrin insulators, seals

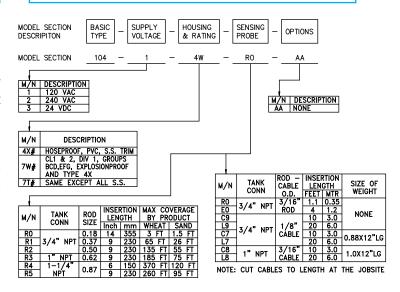
Output: SPDT relay contacts, 10A @ 250 VAC
Action: Direct/Reverse, with failsafe selector
Relay condition: Indicated by bright LED
Time delay:Integrating type, 1 second delay
Accuracy: Better than 0.50% full scale
Repeatability:Better than 0.10% full scale
Process temperature: -20° to +230°F (110°C)
Temperature effect: 0.50% full scale per 50°F
(28°C) ambient change in temperature

#### MODULE LAYOUT AND WIRING

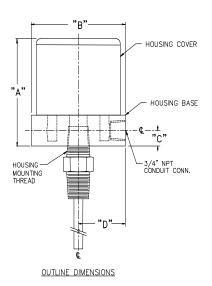


DESIGNED AND BUILT IN THE USA BY DELTA CONTROLS

#### **MODEL NUMBERING SYSTEM**



#### **HOUSING DIMENSIONS**



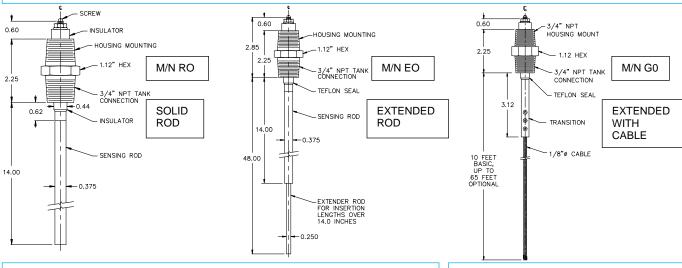
HOUSING	DIMENSIONS IN INCHES				
TYPE	Α	В	C	D	
4W	3.47	4.50	0.625	2.56	
7W	4.10	4.65	0.83	2.55	

#### THIRD PARTY LISTINGS

HOUSING: EXPLOSIONPROOF, CLASS 1,
DIVISIONS 1 & 2; GROUPS BCD,EFG,
ALSO 4X HOSEPROOF
CSA (CANADA) NRTL/C (USA)



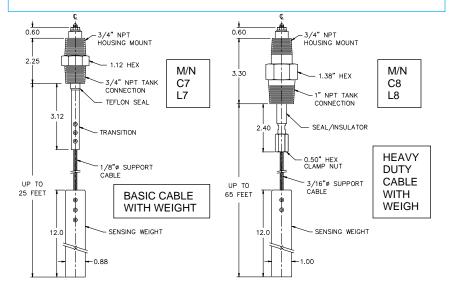
#### RIGID SENSING PROBES FOR HIGH ALARM, MOUNTED ON TOP OF METAL TANKS



#### FLEXIBLE SENSING PROBES FOR MOUNTING ON TOP OF METAL TANKS

Note: All rods and cables may be shortened in

**SPECIFICATIONS** 



the field.

For: R0, E0, C9, L9
Wetted Materials: 316 S.S. and Teflon
Design Conditions
(1) Blowout proof stop

(2) Operating conditions

 Temperature
 PSIG
 BAR

 100°F
 30°C
 1000
 70

 350°F
 180°C
 100
 7

 400°F
 205°C
 15
 1

For: C7, C8, L7, L8

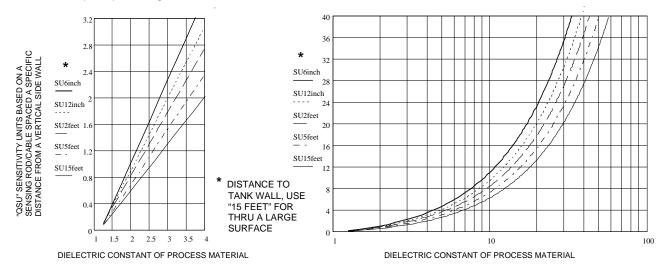
Wetted Materials: 304 S.S. and Delrin (Acetal) Temperature: 260°F (125°C) maximum Pressure: -1 to 150 PSIG (10 BAR) maximum

#### **DETERMINATION OF SWITCHING POINTS**

Conductive Materials: Switching will occur when the material touches the tip of the probe.

Nonconductive Materials: Switching will occur when some of the sensing probe length has been covered by material. Determine that the inches of "On" to "Off" level differential is acceptable in the application under study.

- A. Read "QSU" (total SU) from graph below. Note: "QSU" must be at least 1.0 SU. Be sure that the Dc value used is corrected for the actual bulk density of the material.
- B. Determine "DSU" (inches switching differential): Divide 8.0 by the "QSU" value. A "DSU" of over 6 may be unsatisfactory.
- C. Minimum required probe length: Twice the above determined "DSU" value.



#### RIGID ROD PROBES TO BE SIDE INSERTED INTO METAL TANKS

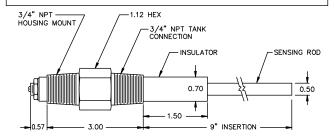
ALL MODELS - Temperature: 260°F (125°C) maximum Pressure: To 250 PSIG (17 BAR) maximum. Materials: 304 S.S., Teflon®, Delrin®

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# 1" NPT HOUSING — 1.37 HEX MOUNT — 1.37 HEX CONNECTION — SENSING ROD 0.87 0.87

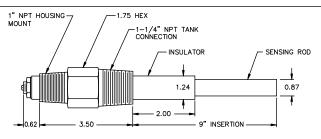
R3 FOR TALL SILOS AND FLOWING GRANULES

### R2 FOR TALLER SOLIDS TANKS AND SILOS



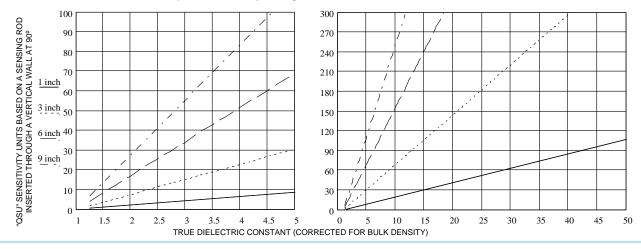
#### R4 FOR VERY ROUGH SOLID SERVICES

INSERTION



#### **ESTIMATING PROBE PERFORMANCE**

<u>DETERMINE "QSU"</u> – Series R probes are normally only used for single point on-off alarm service. "QSU" is the number of sensing units due to the probe length being covered by the process material. Read "QSU" from the graph below. "QSU" should be greater than 8.0 for use with the M/N 104 module. Note: Probe rods may be shortened by sawing off in the field.



#### MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE ELEVATION OF MATERIAL

The horizontal sensing probe can withstand heavy (but not unlimited) loads without bending or failing. The loading on a probe is a function of the density of the material, how deeply the sensing probe is covered, and the probe rod size and position. Delta Controls has simplified this complex relationship into a simple one which is easy to use. The result is a term called "Weight Factor" or "WF". A "WF" value has been derived for each probe model. The maximum amount of coverage is easily determined by dividing "WF" by the bulk density of the process material; as follows:

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{MAXIMUM COVERAGE} = \underline{\quad \text{``WF''}} = \text{HEIGHT OF MATERIAL IN FEET} \\ \hline \text{LBS/FT}^3 \\ \end{array}$ 

WEIGHT FACTORS (9" probes)								
M/N	R1	R2	R3	R4				
"WF"	3,150	6,590	8,880	14,900				

EXAMPLE: Whole kernel corn, 48 LBS/FT³.
Using a Model R2 sensing probe
Maximum Coverage = "6590" = 137 FEET (42 M)
48



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